

Restorative Practices

Melissa A. Ugarte | Executive Director



Presentation Norms

Growth Mindset

Focus on Quantity

Welcome Unusual Ideas

Content

- 1. History
- 2. Define Restorative Practices
- 3. Why Restorative Practices?
- 4. Educational Mind-Shift
- 5. Video

- 6. Supporting Framework
- 7. Essential Elements
- 8. Punitive vs. Restorative Approach
- 9. Implementation Stages
- 10. Readiness Change Check-list

History

- Originated in the 1970s as a mediation/reconciliation technique
 Albert Englash
- Restorative Justice vs. Practices
- Worldwide tool for communication: Faith-based Mental Health Education



Definition

Restorative Practices:

• Explicit continuum of verbal strategies

• Strategies focus on building and restoring relationships

 Through positive relationships, misbehavior can be addressed/rectified



Why Restoration? CRISIS IN RELATIONSHIPS & SYSTEMS

• Fragmented and/or "imbalanced" adult structures

• Overwhelmed mental health agencies and child welfare systems

o Diversity of cultures and lifestyles are "tolerated"

• Flooded justice system (school-to-prison pipeline)

• Systematic discrimination and racism

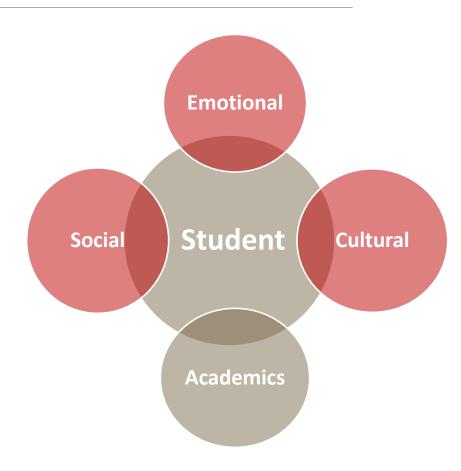
Educational Mind-Shift

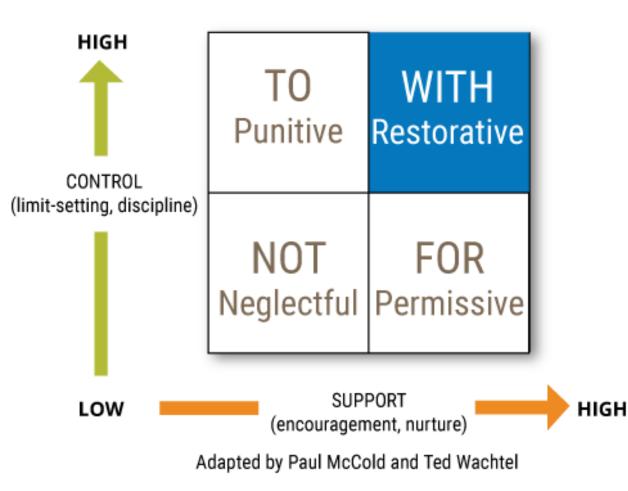
• Teacher-student construct has changed over time

Exclusionary | Inclusionary

Homogeneous groups | Heterogeneous individuals

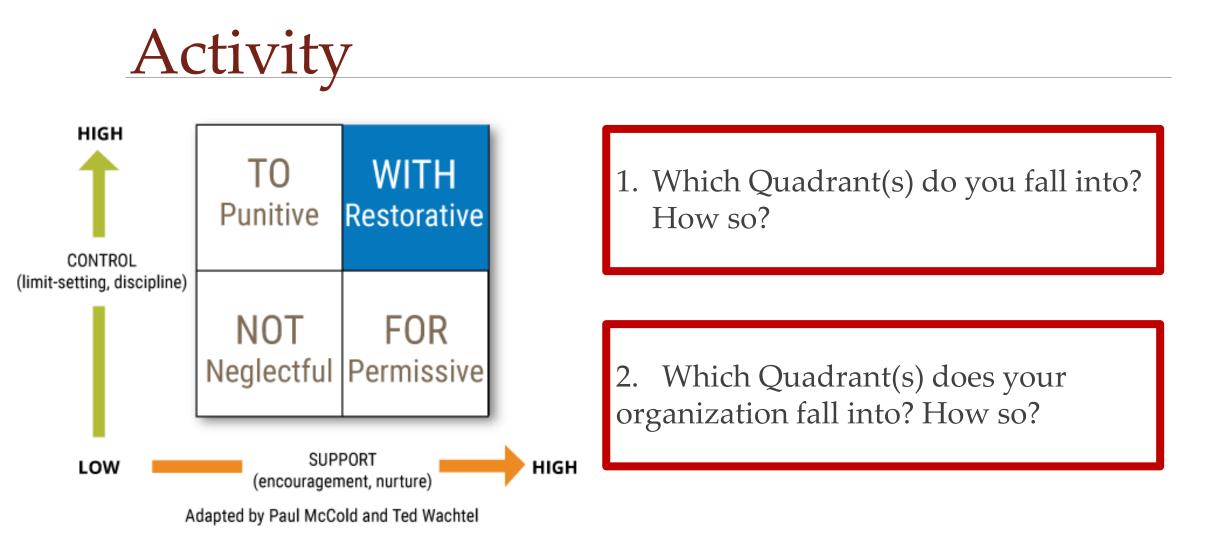
• Education demands teachers with astounding skills

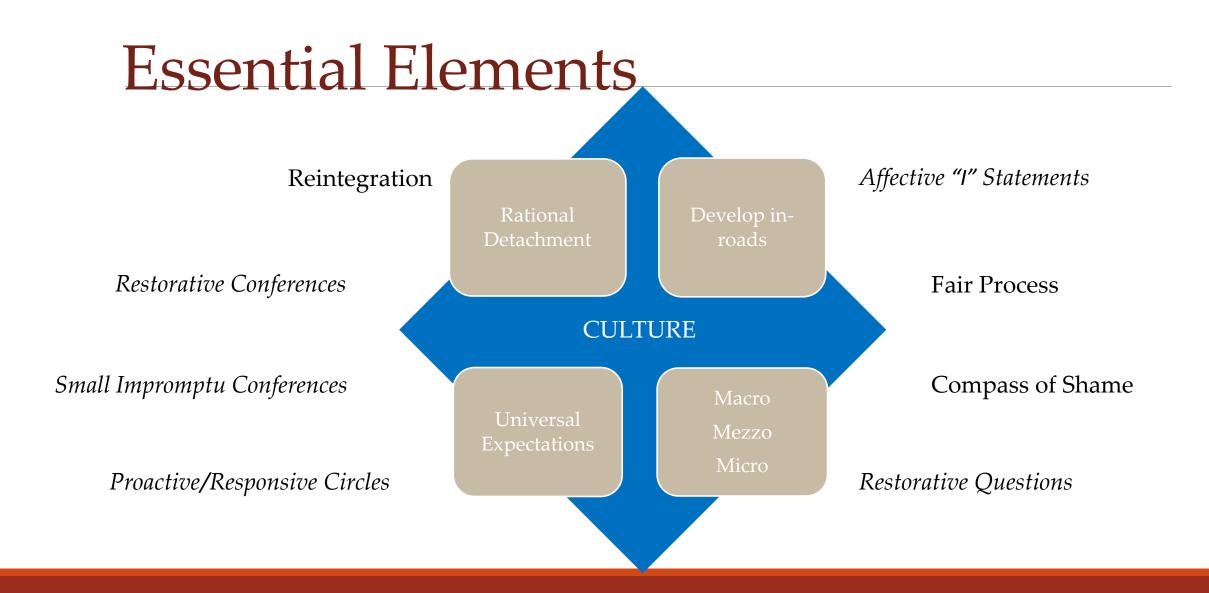




Supporting Framework

- We establish relationships **WITH** students by:
 - Allowing room for mistakes
 - Utilizing empathetic language
- We establish relationships **WITH** students to:
 - Share mutual respect
 - Set attainable expectations to achieve a high level of control and support





Punitive vs. Restorative Approaches

Punitive (Traditional) Approach Focus is on:

Rule breaking

Blame or guilt

Impersonal processes (delegation)

And, as a result;

Justice is directed towards offender and needs of those affected are ignored

The unmet needs behind the behavior are ignored

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Accountability ='s being punished
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Restorative Approach Focus is on:

Harm done to individual or community

Responsibility and problem-solving

Repair, apology, and reparation (humanization)

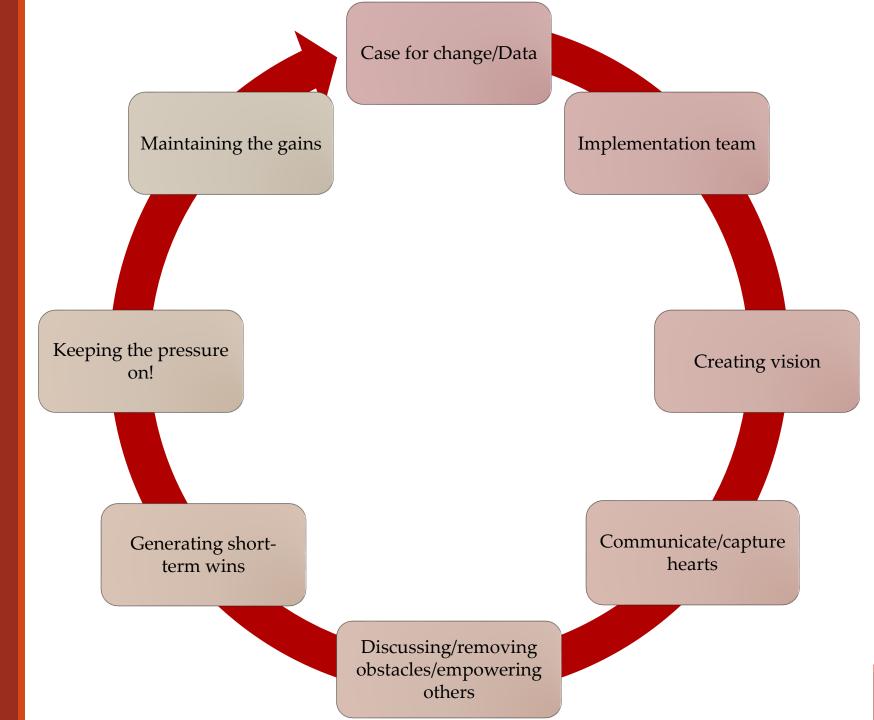
And, as a result;

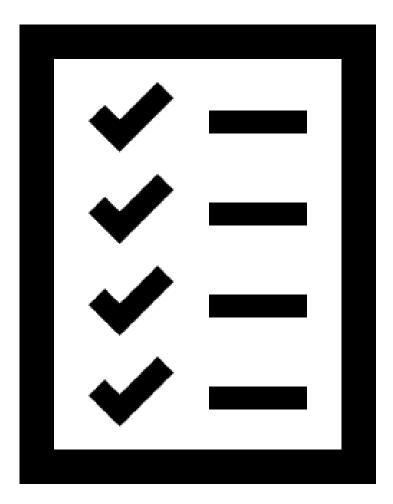
The needs of all stakeholders affected are addressed

The unmet needs behind the behavior are addressed

Accountability ='s making things right

"Change is a process rather than an event."





HOMEWORK!!

Readiness Change Check-list

Commitment Conversation
District/School Funding
Implementation Timeline

Resources

Costello, B., Wachtel, J., & Wachtel, T. (2010). *Restorative Circles in Schools: Building Community and Enhancing Learning*. Bethlehem, PA: International Institute for Restorative Practices.

Thorsborne, M. & Blood, P. (2013). *Implementing Restorative Practices in Schools*. Philidelphia, PA: Jessica Kingsly Publishers.

Wachtel, T. (2005, November). *The next step: developing restorative communities*. Paper presented at the Seventh International Conference on Conferencing, Circles and other Restorative Practices, Manchester, UK.

Zehr, H. (1990). *Changing Lenses: A New Focus for Crime and Justice*. Scottdale, PA: Herald Press